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## UNITED STATES <br> DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

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THE NATIONAL SCHOOL LUNCH PROGRANI
Agricultural Marketing Service U. S. Department of Agriculture

The ITational School Lunch Program will be ten years old on June 4, 1956. Here are the facts on the background, and the current position of the program:

WHEN IT On June 4, 1946, the National School Lunch Act became BEGAIT:
"as a measure of netional security, to safeguard the health and well-being of the Nation's children, and to encourage the domestic consumption of nutritious agricultural comrodities and other food"

The Act further provides for...
"assisting the States, through grants-in-aid and other means, in providing an adequate supply of foods and other facilities for the establishment, maintenance, operation and expansion of nonprofit school-lunch programs."

HOW IT
HAS GROIN:

Here, on its tenth birthday, is the record of what the program has accomplished in serving this dual purpose: first, to safeguard the health and well-being of the Nation's children; second, to encourage the consumption of agricultural commodities and other foods.

COVErAGE: The National School Lunch Program is now in operation in all of the 48 States, and in the District of Columbia, Alaska, Hawaii, Puerto Kico, and the Virgin Islands.

NuMibeir OF SCHOULS:

The number of schools taking part in the program has grown to a total of 56,075 (the figure for November 1955, the peak month for the 1955-56 school year). The number of childrentaking part in each of these schoals has increased by one-third to an average of 188 per school.

NUYBER OF
CHILDREN:
NUMBER OF HEALS:
under the program.
AMOUNT OF
FOOD USED:

The number of childiren participating in the National School Lunch Program has increased to $10,568,726$.

More than $1-1 / 2$ billion complete meals will be served under the program, for the current school year -- three times the total in the 1946-47 school year, first year of operation

This many meals will use a total of over 2-1/2 billion pounds of food during the current school year.

## VALUE OF FOOD USED:

Schools taking part in the program will spend above 350 million with local merchants for food this year, an increase of more than $\$ 200$ million over expenditures 10 years ago. In addition, the Federal government is contributing about $\$ 100$ million in commodities to the schools to make good constructive use of foods acquired by the Department under price-support and surplus-removal operations. Thus, the total value of foods used in the program this year will be over $\$ 450 \mathrm{mil}-$ lion.

BETTER The National School Lunch Program imposes specific requirements LUNCHES: on the nutritional value of lunches served by the schools, and the quality of the lunches has improved progressively. In the first year of its operation, 20 percent of the lunches did not include milk -partly because some children did not like milk or were not accustomed to it, partly because many schools could not obtain a supply of fresh milk. This year, the number of meals served without milk will be reduced to 3 percent.

FEDERAL The National School Lunch Program is administered nationally FUNDS: by the Agricultural Marketing Service of the U.S. Department of Agriculture, and operates this year on a Federal appropriation
of $83,236,197$.
STATE AND In the States, the program is administered by the State
LOCAL FUNDS: educational agencies; in turn, the lunch programs are conducted by the schools or, in some cases, other local groups. Expenditures by all sources within the States in support of the program now exceed $\$ 450$ million each year, a gain of 230 percent in the l0-year period. Expenditures for all program purposes rose from $\$ 220$ million to $\$ 610$ million last year. This year, the total is expected to approach 4700 million.

THE NATIONAL SCHOOL LUNCH PROGRAM -- A STATISTICAL SUNTIARY

|  | 1946-47 School Year | 1955-56 School Year* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of schools participating..... | 44,537 | 56,075 |
| Number of children participating.... | 6,016,129 | 10,568,726 |
| Number of children per school....... | 139 | 188 |
| Number of complete meals served..... | 528,000,000 | 1.6 billion |
| Amount of food used, pounds......... | 1.1 billion | 2.5 billion |
| Value of food used. | 䨘 $137,000,000$ | \$450,000,000 |
| Federal appropriation................ | \$ 81,000,000 | \$ 83,236,197 |
| Apportioned to States, for food assistance | \$ 62,338,155 | \% $67,145,648$ |
| Foods provided for nutritive value, pounds. | 140,100,000 | 87,500,000 |
| Foods donated, pounds................. | 111,200,000 | 248,000,000 |
| Expenditures from all sources in States.................................... | \$150,688,000 | \$495,000,000 |
| Cash food expenditures, through local merchants | \$129,000,000 | \$350,000,000 |
| Expenditures for all purposes....... | \$221,000,000 | \$700,000,000 |

*Preliminary
FURTHER
INFORNATION: The National School Lunch Program.
about operation of the program is included in publication PA-19,

